MCT4 1/4 DIN Controller

AMS2750F Guidelines

How the ¼ DIN MCT4 along with end users
Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs)
meet the Guidelines specific to
Control, Monitoring and Recording Instruments
for

Temperature Accuracy and Electronic Records

Overview

AMS 2750F is a Pyrometry (temperature driven) specification that employs procedures, timelines, calibration data, record archiving, SAT (System Accuracy Testing), TUS (Temperature Survey Surveys) and thermocouple guidelines and applications

This document provides a description of how the MCT4 along with an end users validated Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) can meet the AMS2750F guidelines for "Controllers, Monitors and Recorders/Data Acquisition Systems" specific to Accuracy, Offsets, Electronic Records, Security and the specific SAT and TUS requirements described below.

AMS2750F Section	Торіс	MCT4 Meets
		the Guidelines
Instrumentation 3.2.1.3	Calibration accuracy (+/- 2.0°F or 1.1°C) in accordance of Table 7	$\sqrt{\text{and SOP}}$
Control, Recording and Over-Temperature Instruments: 3.2.3/.1/.2/.4	Control, Recording and Over-Temperature Instruments: Digital Display Resolution of 0.1°C or F.	√
Control, Recording and Over-Temperature Instruments: 3.2.3.19	Digital Recording timing shall be calibrated annually to +/1 1minute/hour	√ and SOP
Electronic Records 3.2.4.2	 Electronic Records: a. Electronic records cannot be altered without detection b. System software and playback utilities to examine data but not allow alteration c. Copies of records in readable & electronic form to inspect, review and duplicate d. Provide evidence the record was reviewed or provide method of printing for physical marking it was reviewed e. Retention and retrieval of electronic records f. Hardware/Software shall operate through retention period g. Security - Password protection 	√ and SOP
Software Revision 3.2.4.3	Software revisions are verified to continue compliance and once installed to alter recipes or other means to control thermal processing parameters.	$\sqrt{and SOP}$
Instrument Corrections and Modification Offset 3.2.6.1 / .2 / .4 / .5	Maximum Cumulative correction Offsets for Thermal Processing Equipment Instruments or Refrigeration and Quench Instruments	√ and SOP
Requirements for Furnace Instrumentation / 3.3.2	Table 12 Instrumentation Type Requirements - Furnace Classes	√ and SOP
Thermal Processing Equip 3.3.3.1 / .2 / .4	Thermal Processing Equipment: All Refrigeration and Quench Equipment require Recorder	√ and SOP

Compliance Legend

 $\sqrt{\ }$ = Compliant when configured per the provided User Manual

SOP = Must be addressed through customer's standard operating procedures

 $N/A = Does \ not \ apply$

Note: Future Design Controls provides no warranty or representations of any sort regarding the fitness of use or application of its products by the purchaser. Users are responsible for the selection, suitability of the products for their application or use of Future Design Controls products.



Requirement	MCT4 Capability
 Instrumentation Calibration Accuracy (3.2.1.3) Calibration accuracy for Controlling, Monitoring or Recording Instrument shall be in accordance with Table 7. Table 7: Digital Instruments Accuracy:	When subject to the necessary field calibration, the MCT4 is suitable for use as defined by clause 3.2.1.3 • Two types of calibration are available and described in the user manual: ○ Calibration Offsets (high & low) ○ Manual Calibration using the Factory Calibration procedure: This requires high accuracy input simulation equipment to properly calibrate to factory standards. • Calibration Interval is the responsibility of the user.
Control, Recording and Over-Temperature Instruments Temperature Display Increments (3.2.3 / 3.2.3.1 / 3.2.3.2): All control, recording and over-temperature instruments shall be digital. Digital recording instruments will have a minimum readability of 0.1°F or C.	 The MCT4 is suitable for use as defined by clause 3.2.2.3.1. The MCT4 is configurable to display and data log temperatures in 1.0 or 0.1 degrees C or F.
Control, Recording and Over-Temperature Instruments Offsets (3.2.6.1): If the offsets are used, a documented procedure shall exist, describing when and how to enter offsets. The procedure shall address how to account for and reintroduce any intentional offsets. Prior to reintroducing any intentional offsets, any instrument calibration error found shall be taken into account. Adjustments (offsets) greater than those shown in Tables 6 or 7 shall not be used.	 The MCT4 is suitable for use as defined by clause 3.2.4. The MCT4 provides a means, documented in the user manual, to introduce offsets for each input in 0.1 degree increments (F or C). When in the calibration mode where offsets are entered, the offset values are shown digitally providing a means to document and reintroduce any intentional offset(s). The MCT4 allows offset parameters as defined in Table 6 (maximum permitted adjustment (offset)).



Requirement	MCT4 Capability
Electronic Records (3.2.4.2): Electronic records are any combination of text, graphics, data, audio, pictorial or other information representation in digital form that is created, modified, maintained, archived, retrieved or distributed by a computer system. When using a system (furnace control, recording, monitoring or data acquisition) that creates electronic records shall meet the following requirements as described in the following sections: • 3.2.4.2 - a • 3.2.4.2 - b • 3.2.4.2 - c • 3.2.4.2 - e • 3.2.4.2 - f • 3.2.4.2 - g	The MCT4 is suitable for use as defined by clause 3.2.4.2 and the noted subsections shown in the column to the left.
Electronic Records Altering Electronic Records (3.2.4.2 - a): Create records that cannot be altered without detection.	The MCT4 is suitable for use as defined by clause 3.2.4.2 - a. The MCT4 electronic records (temperature data log files) are electronically (digitally) signed by the system when the file is closed. If the file is altered an alert is provided when the file is viewed on the MCT4 or Future Design Control's (FDC's) PC software Data File viewer. Additional information is below. • When closing a data file, the system electronically signs the file (encrypted signature) with the signature file permanently linked to the data file. • Additional encrypted digital signatures can be added to any closed data file by users with the appropriate security rights • When Data files are viewed on the MCT4 or FDC's PC software Data File Viewer, data files that have been altered will fail digital signature validation.
Electronic Records Playback without alteration (3.2.4.2 - b): Provide software and playback utilities as a means of examining and/or compiling the data but shall not allow the user any means for altering the source data.	 The MCT4 is suitable for use as defined by clause 3.2.4.2 - b. When viewing a data log file from the MCT4 or FDC's PC software "Data File Viewer" there is no manner to alter the source data. Both the MCT4 and FDC's PC software Data File Viewer systems check the integrity of the closed data file; any change to a closed data file results in an integrity failure notification.



Requirement	MCT4 Capability
Electronic Records Viewing and Copying (file export) (3.2.4.2 - c): Provide ability to generate accurate and complete copies of records in both human readable and electronic form suitable for inspection, review, and duplication.	 The MCT4 is suitable for use as defined by clause 3.2.4.2 - c. View the data log history on the MCT4 data file History Plot function Export encrypted data for viewing on a personal computer using the FDC's Data File Viewer. (Data files cannot be altered by FDC's Data File Viewer.) Data may be exported from the MCT4 via USB, email and FTP functions. When Data files are opened in FDC's PC software Data File Viewer they may be printed. Once exported, data files can be converted to Excel spreadsheets for inspection, review and copying. Data files that have been altered will fail digital signature validation when opened on the MCT4 and FDC's PC software Data File Viewer.
Electronic Records Evidence of User Review (3.2.4.2 - d): Be capable of providing evidence the record was reviewed by recording an electronic review, or a method of printing the record for a physical marking verifying review.	 The MCT4 is suitable for use as defined by clause 3.2.4.2 - d. Digital Signature(s) provide evidence of user reviewing record(s) on MCT4 or FDC's PC software Data File Viewer. Additional encrypted digital signatures can be added to any closed data file if user has appropriate security rights. All signatures are date/time stamped and linked to the data file Printing: Data Files may be exported by USB, email or FTP. Once exported and opened in FDC's PC based Data File Viewer or other 3rd party software (i.e. excel) the data may be printed, reviewed and physically marked indicating it was reviewed. If data files are modified in any way their integrity is lost as the digital signature will fail when the file is opened in the MCT4 or FDC's PC software Data File Viewer.



Requirement	MCT4 Capability
Electronic File Protection & Retention for 5-years (3.2.4.2 - e): Support protection, retention, and retrieval of accurate records throughout the record retention period.	 The MCT4 is suitable for use as defined by clause 3.2.4.2 - e. Data and other files are saved to a factory supplied 8GB or larger SD card installed on the back of the unit. This SD card's capacity exceeds the typical storage requirements over a 5-year period. Ability to export all data records to USB Flash Memory/FTP/Cloud. Selectable to copy only or copy and delete files from the MCT4 Once exported Data files can be transferred to longer lasting storage media labeled appropriately. FDC's PC software Data File Viewer validates file integrity and allows viewing without altering the original data file If data files are modified in any way, their integrity is lost as the digital signature will fail when the file is opened in the MCT4 or FDC's PC software Data File Viewer.
Electronic Records System will operate through the Retention Period (3.2.4.2 - f): Ensure that the hardware and/or software shall operate throughout the retention period as specified in 3.7 3.7: Records 3.7.1: All records of sensor calibration, and instrument calibration, SAT, and TUS in addition to any calibration, SAT, and TUS failures shall be available for inspection and shall be maintained for not less than 5-years.	 The MCT4 is suitable for use as defined by clause 3.2.4 - f. Data and other files are saved to a factory supplied 8GB or larger SD card installed on the back of the unit. This SD card's capacity exceeds the typical storage requirements over a 5-year period. Ability to export all data records to USB Flash Memory/FTP/Cloud. Selectable to copy only or copy and delete files from the MCT4 Once exported Data files can be transferred to longer lasting storage media labeled appropriately. FDC's PC software Data File Viewer validates file integrity and allows viewing without altering the original data file If data files are modified in any way, their integrity is lost as the digital signature will fail when the file is opened in the MCT4 or FDC's PC software Data File Viewer.



Requirement	MCT4 Capability
Electronic Records Security/Password Protection (3.2.4.2 - g): Provide methods of protection, such as a password, to limit system access to only individuals whose authorization is documented.	 The MCT4 is suitable for use as defined by clause 3.2.4.2 - g when security is enabled and setup appropriately. Select User Group Type/Levels: Each user is assigned to a one of four user groups or types. Each of the four groups can represent a different level of privileges and security Username and Password: assign a unique username and password for each user. Permissions for each user group can be individually enabled and disabled for every major function of the system. Optionally enable re-authentication to enforce security even if a user forgets to log-off. Reauthentication prompts the user for their username and password before changing any process control variable or other function. Audit Trail File (when enabled): All operator actions are recorded in a secure (encrypted) audit trail file including date/time stamp the action occurred. The integrity of the Audit Trail files are verified when opened in the MCT4 or FDC's PC software Data File Viewer
Electronic Records Software Revisions effect with Continued Compliance with the Material or Process Specifications (3.2.4.3) Evidence shall be provided that software revisions are verified to ensure continued compliance with the material or process specification requirements and once installed have not altered programs, recipes, or other means used to control thermal processing parameters.	The MCT4 is suitable for use as defined by clause 3.2.4.3 when a software revision is installed via an "updater" program. The software revision installed by the "updater" will add functions and/or correct identified deficiency (i.e. bug) but does not affect the MCT4 configuration or core functions. Further details on MCT4 validation is described in the Q&A section of this document with a summary below. Upon release a software revision document is available noting the changes. The MCT4 was designed and validated using a full SDLC "risk" based system to include detailed specifications and validation of all software. MCT4 software revisions follow the same validation protocol used in its initial design. Code reviews are performed throughout validation cycle. All system testing complete during DVR (design verification release) validation testing and user field testing.



Requirement	MCT4 Capability
General Instrument Correction & Modification Offset Instrument Corrections and Modification Offset Requirements (3.2.6.1 / .2 / .4 / .5 / .6)	When appropriately equipped for the number of temperature sensor inputs, control loops and subject to the necessary field calibration, the MCT4 is suitable for use as defined by clause 3.2.6.1 / .2/ .4 / .5 / .6
3.2.6.1.2: The maximum cumulative correction offset shall not exceed the uniformity tolerance for the thermal processing equipment or $\pm 1.0^{\circ}$ or $\pm 2.8^{\circ}$ for refrigeration and quench instruments	
3.2.6.4: Controlling instrument modification offsets for TUS shall not exceed the allowances in Tables 18 or 19. SAT modification offsets are not allowed.	
3.2.6.1.5: Control and recording instrument correction offsets for SAT shall not exceed the allowances in Tables 18 & 19. TUS modification offsets are not permitted on recorder channels other than for the channel recording the control sensor temperature.	
3.2.6.1.6: For load sensor systems used in production, correction offsets are allowed, but not modification offsets.	
Thermal Processing Equipment Instrumentation used to Control, Record or Indicate the desired temperature (3.3.1):	When subject to the necessary field calibration, the MCT4 is suitable for use in applications in all furnace classes as defined in AMS2750F clause 3.3.1
Furnace classes are defined in Table 11 and are based on the furnace class specified. When not specified, furnace class shall meet the temperature uniformity requirements established in the governing specification for the material being processed. Instrumentation types are defined by the level of instrumentation used to control, record or indicate the desired temperature.	 Two types of calibration are available and described in the user manual: Calibration Offsets (high & low) Manual Calibration using the Factory Calibration procedure: This requires high accuracy input simulation equipment to properly calibrate to factory standards.
Intervals for controlling and recording instrument calibration, system accuracy tests, temperature uniformity surveys, are based on the combined furnace class and instrumentation type slated in Tables 7, 14, 15, 18 or 19.	Offsets: the MCT4 provides a means, documented in the user manual, to introduce offsets for each input in 0.1 degree increments (F or C).
	Offsets: when in the calibration mode where offsets are entered, the offset values are shown digitally providing a means to document and reintroduce any intentional offset(s).
	• Offsets: the MCT4 allows offset parameters as defined in Table 6 (maximum permitted adjustment (offset)).



Requirement	MCT4 Capability
Requirements for Furnace Instrumentation (3.3.2) Table 12 – Instrumentation type requirements The temperature indicated by the control sensor in each control zone shall be recorded by a recording instrument	When appropriately equipped for the number of temperature sensor inputs, control loops and subject to the necessary field calibration, the MCT4 is suitable for use as defined by clause 3.3.2, Table 12.
- At least two additional recording sensors in each control zone shall be located to best represent the actual coldest and hottest temperatures in each control zone at any temperature of use based on the results from the most recent TUS.	
 At least one recording load sensor in each control zone Each control zone shall have over-temperature protection The over-temperature protection sensor may also be utilized as the recording sensor representing the hottest location for instrumentation type A or C or as the additional recording sensor for Type D+ in the proper location. 	
Thermal Processing Equip (3.3.3.1 / .2 / .4 All refrigeration equipment shall have a temperature control and equipped with a temperature recording instrument where time-attemperature (minimum, maximum or both) is required Quench systems (immersion or spray) shall be equipped with a sensor that is recorded by recording instrument.	The MCT4 is suitable for use as defined by clauses 3.3.3.1 / .2 / .4.
System Accuracy Tests (SATs) Allowable Instrument Correction (offsets) include (3.4.4.4.1 / .2): 3.4.4.4.1: Internal modification offsets applied to the control and control recording channel instrument solely to correct a skewed TUS distribution. 3.4.4.4.2: A previously documented and specified correction offset of the control or recording instrument to correct an SAT difference.	The MCT4 is suitable for use as defined by clause 3.4.4.4.1 / .2. • The MCT4 allows entry and display of offset parameters meeting the requirements
Temperature Uniformity Surveys (TUS) Temperature Uniformity Survey Report (3.5.2): Although not a required part of the uniformity survey report, the following shall be accessible on site: a. Control instrument tuning parameters.	 The MCT4 is suitable for use as defined by clause 3.5.2. The MCT4 tuning parameters may be viewed if so configured. Access to and changing tuning parameters may be impacted by security settings and user rights.



Q & A: Electronic Records and Digital Signatures

Question (Electronic Records)	Answer
Was an established software development life cycle	Yes
used?	The MCT4 was designed and validated using a full
	SDLC "risk" based system to include detailed
	specifications and validation of all software.
Have code reviews been conducted?	Yes
	Code reviews performed throughout validation cycle.
Has System Testing been conducted?	Yes
, , ,	All system testing complete during DVR (design
	verification release) validation testing and user field
	testing.
Has Data Conversion testing been conducted?	Yes
-	Export data testing completed with signature verification
	of exported data performed/documented during
	validation.
Did validation include testing that the system discerns	Yes
invalid records (i.e. invalid field entries, fields left blank	Full security validation performed to include user login
that should contain data, values outside of limits, ASCII	entry data, field formatting, successful/failed login
characters in numeric-only fields, etc.)?	attempts and audit trail functionality
	performed/documented during validation.
Can a copy of a single record (in electronic format) be	Yes
supplied to an inspector?	Export data testing completed with signature verification
	of exported data.
Is there test evidence for the audit trail functionality	Yes
	Full audit trail functionality testing
	performed/documented during validation.
Does test evidence exist to demonstrate the operational	Yes
checks (that is, sequences of events within the system)?	Operational check testing (include user re-authentication
	for operational steps) performed/documented during
	validation.
Does test evidence exist to demonstrate the use of the	Yes
authority checks (based on role-based permissions)?	All user and group authentication checks
	performed/documented during validation.



Question (Digital Signatures)	Answer
Does test evidence exist for the signature manifestation	Yes
(full name, date and time)?	Full digital signature functionality testing
, , ,	performed/documented during validation.
Is the transfer of the signature to another record	No
prevented?	Digital signatures are applied to a single data file only.
	Any attempt to alter the digital signature or transfer to
	another file will result in a fail during signature
	verification.
Does test evidence exist to document signature actions	Yes
are captured in the audit trail?	Full digital signature functionality testing
	performed/documented during validation.
Does test evidence exist to prove the enforcement of	Yes
unique username and id?	Full security validation performed to include user login
	entry data, field formatting, successful/failed login
	attempts and audit trail functionality
If, when resetting the account on some systems, a	performed/documented during validation. There is no default user/password on MCT4 device.
"default" password is assigned, is the user forced to	Security setup is required by an administrator.
change the password immediately upon log on?	Security setup is required by an administrator.
Are system tools used that might allow a System	No
Administrator to falsify electronic records and/or	Data files are automatically signed by the system with
electronic signatures?	additional signature for each file that can be added by
	authorized users. Administrators cannot bypass or alter
	the automatic system signature added to each data file.
Does the system prevent the deletion or re-assignment of	No
a User ID after it is assigned to an electronic record?	Electronic records (data files, audit trails) cannot be
	modified. If they are modified, they will fail the
	signature verification process.
Does the computerized system include functionality that	Yes
requires users to periodically change their passwords	Password ageing functionality testing
(password aging)?	performed/documented during validation
Does test evidence exist to demonstrate detection of	Yes
attempts of unauthorized access?	3 attempts max. User login fails written to secure audit trail. Audit trail functionality testing
	performed/documented during validation
Has testing been conducted to ensure that "inactive" user	Yes
accounts cannot be activated by unauthorized persons?	Security/User functionality testing
accounts cannot be activated by unauthorized persons:	performed/documented during validation
	performed/documented during vandation